The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXIst Year.] THURSDAY, *June* 6, 1765. [No. 1048.]

[*The Remainder of the very sensible* LETTER *begun in our last.*]

BUT further I am in doubt if there be so much in the Matter of *Precedents* as some would have. I know that the *Lawyers* have carried the Authority of *Precedents* so far, that if a Point be to be gained, nothing is required or sought after but a *Precedent*, and if that can be found among the various and contrary Resolutions, they form a Conclusion that the Point is *clearly established*; whether the *Precedent* be footed on Justice and Reason, or on Whim and Arbitrariness. "It is "a Maxim among these Men, that whatever has "been done before, may legally be done again, "and therefore they take special Care to Record "all the Decisions formerly made, even those, "which have, through Ignorance or Corruption, "contradicted the Rules of common Justice, and "the general Reason of Mankind. These, under "the Name of *Precedents*, they produce as Au-"thorities, and thereby endeavour to justify the "most iniquitous Opinions; and they are so lucky "in this Practice, that it rarely fails of Decrees "answerable to their Intent and "Expectation."* *Precedents* of infringing the Liberties of the Subject are to be met with plentifully in History; yet I humbly conceive that if any such could be found in the *British* Annals, it would not be much to the Credit of a *British Writer against the Liberties of America*, to cite them in Vindication of a Measure, which a whole Continent of People thought to be an Aggression of their plain and certain Privileges.

* Dean *Swift*.

The second Objection made to our Remonstrances is, that the Inhabitants of the Colonies are in *Fact* represented in Parliament. This Proposition, one would think, would be sufficiently refuted by only saying, that not one *American* ever gave, or can give, his Suffrage for the Choice of any of these pretended Representatives. It is very strange, My Lord, and looks like being under the Power of Magic, that such a vast Extent of an inhabited Country as this, should be represented in Parliament, and that yet the People here should never have found it out. How can a Colony, Shire, City or Borough be represented, when not one individual Inhabitant ever did the least Thing towards procuring such Representation? This Position is the last Shift, the dernier Subterfuge, of such as would reconcile the Proceedings of Parliament, respecting laying Taxes on us, with *British* Liberties; but if it be preached forever, the utter Falsity of it, (pardon a plain Expression) is so notorious, that not one single *American* will ever believe it. The Arguments in Support of this *Mushroom* Proposition are so fallacious and weak, that they scarcely deserve a serious Attention. It is urged that because a great Number of the Inhabitants of *Britain* are not Electors there, and seeing that it is unquestionably true that the House of Commons, notwithstanding, actually represent the whole People, that therefore they represent a vast Dominion at Three Thousand Miles Distance, and who have not a single Voice in their Election, although Multitudes in such distant Country in Point of Estate would be well qualified to vote, were they with their Estates in *Britain*, and actually do vote for Persons to represent them in their own Assemblies. If such Argument be of any Force, it will prove, that all the People in *Britain* might be as well represented by the Members of any single Borough Town, as by the whole House of Commons. How came it necessary at the Union, to provide that *Scotland* should send Members to Parliament? Were they not according to the foregoing Doctrine in *Fact* represented by the *English* Members? A Right of Election is annexed to a certain Species of Property, Franchises, &c. and every Man in *England*, who falls under these Descriptions, hath a Right to vote, either for Knights, Citizens, or Burgesses; but can any Man in the Colonies be admitted to a Voice, let him come under what Description he will? Every Person in *England* is not qualified to be an Elector, yet the Country is represented;—but doth it follow that the Colonies too are therefore represented, who give not a single Voice, although Multitudes here have as much Freehold Estate as serves to qualify their Fellow Subjects in *England*? But it is said that Persons under Age, Women and Children are not Electors, but yet are represented. I wonder these subtile Politicians had not shewn, that Idiots, Madmen, and Cattle were not Electors, and from thence infer that we are represented. Women have not a Share in Government, but yet by their strict Connection with the other Sex, all their Liberties are as amply secured as those of the Men, and it is impossible to represent the one Sex, without the other. As to any Inference which can be drawn against us, on the present Point, from Infants being represented notwithstanding their Incapacity to elect, it seems to me that a Writer must be put to a sorry Shift indeed, to rest any Part of his Cause on so weak a Foundation.

To infer, My Lord, that the *British* Members actually represent the Colonies, who are not permitted to do the least Act towards their Appointment, because *Britain* is unequally represented, although every Man in the Kingdom, who hath certain legal Qualifications can vote for some one to represent him, is such a Piece of Sophistry that I had Half a Mind to pass by the Cobweb without blowing it to Pieces. Is there no Difference between a Country's having a Privilege to choose 558 Members to represent them in Parliament, though in unequal Proportions to the several Districts, which cannot be avoided, and not having Liberty to choose any? To turn the Tables,—if the *Americans* only had Leave to send Members to Parliament, could such Sophistry ever persuade the People of *Britain* that they were represented and had a Share in the national Councils? A Right of Election hath its Origin from having Property or Freehold Estate, and such only have a Right to a Share in Government. Mens Estates are represented, and such as have great and noble Estates actually sit in Parliament for their own Estates. All who have Freehold in *England* to a small Value, share in the Administration; but in *America*, where almost every Head of a Family and most other Men have Freehold, and very many are Owners of great landed Estates, they can have no Share in Government; and those Estates are not represented, because the Owners cannot elect. Suppose none of the 558 Members were chosen by the People, but enjoyed the Right of Sitting in Parliament By hereditary Descent; could the common People be said to share in the national Councils? How trifling then is the supposition, that we in *America* virtually have such Share in the national Councils, by those Members whom we never chose? If we are not their Constituents, they are not our Representatives. But it is said that we are represented in the same Manner as the Non-electors are in *Britain*. This, may it please your Lordship, is a strange Paradox; for the very Reason why the Non-electors in *Britain* are such, is because they are not qualified in Point of Estate, which I hope will not be said of all the Colonists; and it was observed before, that having Property or Freehold, necessarily inferred a Right to be an Elector, or which is all one, to have a Share in Government. Lastly it is really a Piece of Mockery to tell us that a Country, detached from *Britain*, by an Ocean of immense Breadth, and which is so extensive and populous, should be represented by the *British* Members, or that we can have any Interest in the House of Commons.

It therefore remains fully disproved, that the Inhabitants of the Colonies are in *Fact* represented in Parliament; and therefore our most darling Privilege, namely an Immunity from Taxes without our own Consent, hath been nullified by the late Parliamentary Resolutions.

It is beside my present Purpose to examine how far other Acts, *to wit*, such as regulate Trade, &c. are obligatory upon us, or what Sort of Connections subsist between a parent State and distant Colonies. These may be the Subjects of some abler Pen: But I would just observe, that the Commons of *Great-Britain* have ever held the Right of not being taxed without their own Assent, the rest Second to all others.

It gives me Pain, My Lord, that so much Unterderness, approaching near to Wrath, on the Part of the present Administration is exercised towards us. We are not conscious of having done any Thing to deserve it; and in our Turn, having all the Feelings of human Nature, must be irritated at what we must think Ill-treatment. Broad Hints have been given that *standing Forces* are to be sent amongst us, to humble us, and to enforce Execution of such Laws, as we must esteem Grievances. Such is the Delicacy of the *British* Constitution, that it instantly dies under the Hands of such *executive Rod-masters*, and every Privilege wings it's Flight. If such Measures should be pursued, permit me, My Lord, to think that the People of *Britain* may then begin to tremble for their own Liberties. It amounts almost to Demonstration, that when the whole *British* Empire in *America* are dissatisfied, there must be some Foundation for such Dissatisfaction: And whether It would not be for the Benefit of the whole Nation in general, as well as just in itself, to hear our Complaints, and to endeavour by a mild and gentle Treatment to secure our Love and *Good-will*, instead of exciting our *Ill-will*, I chearfully submit to the Judgment of your Lordship.

Thus I have with much Freedom and Plainness, which I doubt not your Candor will excuse, gone through what I propoled to consider. I have only to add that I am in sure and certain Hopes, that what I have written will meet with a better Reception from your Lordship, than the humble Petitions of an innumerable Multitude of People did lately from the Parliament. *I am*, My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient
and most humble Servant,

* * * * * * * * *

Extract of a LETTER *from a Gentleman in* LONDON, *to his Friend at* NEW-YORK.

"MR. *Charles Townshend* spoke in Favour of the Bill [Stamp Duty] and concluded his Speech by saying to the following Effect:

"These Children of our Planting (*speaking of Americans*) nourished by our Indulgence, until they are grown to a good Degree of Strength and Opulence, and protected by our Arms, will they grudge to contribute their Mite to relieve us from the heavy Load of national Expence which we lie under?

"Which having said, and sat down, Mr. BARRE arose, and with Eyes darting Fire, and an out stretched Arm, spoke as follows, with a Voice somewhat elevated, and with a Sternness in his Countenance, which expressed in a most lively Manner the Feelings of his Heart:

"*Children planted by your Care!* No! Your OPPRESSION planted them in *America*: They fled from your Tyranny, into a then uncultivated Land, where they were exposed to almost all the Hardships, to which human Nature is liable; and among others, to the Savage Cruelty of the Enemy of the Country; a People the most subtile, and I take upon me to say, the most truly terrible of any People that ever inhabited any part of GOD's Earth; and yet actuated by Principles of true *English* Liberty, they met all these Hardships with Pleasure, compared with those they suffered in their own Country, from the Hands of those that should have been their Friends.

"*They nourished by your Indulgence!* They grew by your Neglect of them: As soon as you began to care about them, that Care was exercised in sending Persons to Rule over them, in one Department and another, who were, perhaps, the Deputies of some Deputy, of Members of this House, sent to spy out their Liberty, to misrepresent their Actions, and to prey upon them; Men whose Behaviour, on many Occasions, has caused the Blood of these Sons of Liberty, to recoil within them; Men promoted to the highest Seats of Justice, some to my Knowledge, were glad by going to foreign Countries, to escape being brought to a Bar of Justice, in their own.

"*They protected by your Arms!* They have nobly taken up Arms in your Defence, have exerted their Valour, amidst their constant and laborious Industry, for the Defence of a Country, whose Frontiers, while drench'd in Blood, it's interior Parts have yielded all it's little Savings to your Enlargement: And believe me, remember I this Day told you so, That the same Spirit which actuated that People at first, will continue with them still: But Prudence forbids me to explain myself any further. God knows, I do not at this Time speak from Motives of Party Heat: What I deliver are the genuine Sentiments of my Heart. However superior to me in general Knowledge and Experience, the respectable Body of this House may be, yet I claim to know more of *America* than most of you, having seen and been conversant in that Country. The People there are as truly loyal, I believe, as any Subjects the King has: But a People jealous of their Liberties, and who will vindicate them, if they should be violated; but the Subject is too delicate, I will say no more."

LONDON, *March* 22.

LETTERS from the North American Colonies are filled with the most melancholy Accounts of universal Poverty and Wretchedness, occasioned by the Restrictions on their Commerce with the French and Spanish Settlements.

On Monday, a large Quantity of Shot was ship'd for Nova-Scotia and Maryland.

On Thursday a large Quantity of Gunpowder was shipped for Philadelphia.

Last Week Notice was given to the Gentlemen employed in the several Departments of the Stamp Office, that a certain Number would speedily be wanted to embark for New-York, in order to establish a Stamp Office in that Province; when several, who were unmarried, voluntarily offered themselves for that Service, and as soon as the proper Materials can be got ready, will be sent over at the Government's Expence.

March 30. Letters from America say, that the Assemblies of several Places are preparing a Petition to the Mother Country for Leave to send a certain Number of Representatives to the British Parliament, from the Time of the next General Election.

April 2. A very great Addition to the Plan of the Post-Office is intended, and will speedily take place. The General Post will be extended to all American Colonies; and the Penny Post is to be established in all the Parts of this Kingdom.

Some Thousand Pounds Sterling Value, in Silver Three Penny Pieces, are soon to be coined at the Mint, for the Use of the American Colonies, to supply the place of Copper Money, which the People there have long complained of.

We hear the Sums of Money arising from the new Stamp Duties in North-America, for the first 5 Years, are chiefly to be applied towards commodious Post Roads from one Province to another, erecting Bridges where necessary, and other public Measures equally important. [*Who can murmur at Slavery when it is to answer such valuable and necessary Purposes?——till it is grown familiar!——*] New-York *Obs.*

We hear the Establishment of a Royal Mint at New-York will certainly take place; but that only the coining of Silver will be permitted.

April 9. Friday last died, advanced in Years, the celebrated Dr. EDWARD YOUNG, Clerk of the Closet to her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales, and Author of the UNIVERSAL PASSION, the REVENGE, NIGHT THOUGHTS, and other poetical Works.

The Duke of Albany, Capt. Haldane, who sailed from the Downs the 4th of March 1764, for Coast and Bay, arrived in the Downs last Saturday, after Post, from Madrass, and brings an Account of the Bofcawen, late Bristol, being safe at the Mauritius; she also brings the agreeable News, that all Troubles were at an End upon the Coromandel Coast, Madura and Palmacota taken, and the Rebel Ioseph Cana executed; and still more agreeable News of the 26th of September from Bengal, that all was then quiet; Governor Vansittart had overcome all Difficulties; Soujah Doulah, the Nabob, had retired into his own Country, soliciting Peace, which Mr. Vansittart would not grant him, unless he delivered up Coffim Ali Cana, and Sumro the Assassin. Mr. Vansittart was upon the point of delivering up his Government, and was to return Home in his Majesty's Ship Argo.

The Albany Indiaman was near being lost, before she entered the Downs. She brings Advice, that, at the Siege of Madura, we had between three and four Hundred Europeans, and eight or nine Officers, killed and wounded, amongst whom was Col. Preston, a very gallant young Gentleman, who was mortally wounded at one of the Attacks, and died about ten Days after, greatly regretted.

April 16. This Day came on the Trial of Lord Byron, when the Lord High Steward, attended by the Judges, went in Procession from his House in Lincoln's-Inn-Fields to Westminster-Hall.

Orders were given out for 500 Horse and Foot Guards, to mount at Four o'Clock this Morning at Westminster-Hall and Places adjacent, to prevent any riotous Proceedings during the Trial of Lord Byron.

BOSTON, *May* 20.

By Letters from London by the last Ships we learn, That those who had the Care of the Petitions from the Colonies, chose to defer (for what Reason we can't say) the presenting the same to the House of Commons, till the Stamp Bill was brought in, and then it was too late.——The first which was offer'd against it was from the West-Indies, the second was from Virginia, the third from Carolina, then Mr. Jackson produced his Petition for Connecticut, which, tho' the most moderate, was Rejected as soon as Read; he then offered one (committed to his Care) from this Government, which met with the same Fate. The Ground of rejecting all the Petitions was the standing Order of the House to receive none against a Money Bill. How those to whom the Care of these several Petitions was committed came to delay the Presentation of them so long, is unaccountable, especially as some, if not all of them, were Members of Parliament, and all of them were Resident in England, and must know the constant Usage of Parliament, never to admit a Petition against a Money Bill.

We further learn, That there is not like to be any Alteration with respect to the Molasses Duty this Session; the Ministry chuse first to have some Experiment of it's Efficacy. It was affirmed by some of the Advocates for this Duty, that it would produce a very great Sum, at least £. 60,000 Sterling per Annum, and that he was credibly informed that during the two first Months after the Commencement of the Act, there had been collected at Boston £. 14,000, and at Charles-Town £. 10,000 Sterling, whereas it is well known here that during the Time aforementioned, the whole of the Collection did not exceed £. 2400 Sterling. It is from hence probable, that a certain great Affair hy has been misrepresented and carried away with idle and false Reports, and have been made to expect great Things from the late Regulations, and led into Measures that in the End will prove detrimental to Great-Britain as well as her Colonies.——We learn that some Relief will be granted us with respect to the Lumber Trade, and we shall be permitted to carry Staves and Lumber to Ireland and the Azores, and perhaps to all Places to the Southward of Cape Finisterre.

That instead of one Vice Admiralty Court at Halifax, there will be three appointed for all America, with a Right of Appeal, each of the Judges not to have £. 600 Sterling a Year, to sit there above all Corruption, one at that Country to be at Boston, another at Philadelphia, and the third at Carolina.

It has been Resolved in the House of Commons, that one Shilling Sterling shall be paid for every single Letter, and in proportion for double, treble and packet, that is brought from London to any Port in America. One Penny Sterling to be paid for every Letter delivered to any Post-master, from any Vessel except Packet-boats. Also for every single Letter from any Port in the British Dominions in America to any other Port in the said Dominions, Four-pence Sterling is to be paid, and double, &c. in proportion. There are also other Resolutions respecting the Inland Postage, which were ordered into a Bill.

It is feared there will be almost a Prohibition of the Distilling and Sugar-boiling Business in America.

NEW-YORK, *May* 27.

By Letters from London, we have certain Accounts, that a Clause is added to the Mutiny and Desertion Bill, whereby Justices of the Peace are impowered to billet Soldiers on the Inhabitants in America, at their Discretion.

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 6.

We learn from the Northward, that the STAMP ACT is to take Place in *America*, on *All Saints* Day, the First of *November* next.

In the Year 1755, on the 1st of *November*, happen'd that dreadful and memorable Earthquake, which destroy'd the City of *Lisbon*.

We have the Pleasure of informing our Readers, that the Account of Part of *Dominica* being lately sunk by an Earthquake, is contradicted. As is also, the Report of the Plague raging in *Scilly*.

By a Proclamation in *Virginia*, we find, That a Party of *Cherokee* Indians, who had obtained a Pass from Col. *Lewis*, to go to *Winchester*, were met on their Way, and attack'd by a Party of upwards of 20 Men, who kill'd their Chief and Four more of the Party.

In the Thunder-Gust on the 24th past, a great Quantity of large Hail, fell in several Parts of this Province, and has entirely Ruin'd many Fields of Rye, so that the People have Plow'd them up to Plant with Corn.

Tuesday last arrived in *South-River*, from *London*, the Snow *Sally*, Capt. *John Buchanan*, who left *London* the latter End of *March*.

The Ship *Fanny*, Capt. *Lane*, from *London*, is arrived in *Patuxent*; with whom came Passenger Mr. THOMAS BUCHANAN, of *London*, Merchant.

PETER BELL, MATHEMATICIAN,
Lately from England,
(Now in ANNAPOLIS,*)*

WILL wait on any Gentlemen, at any Time, and Survey what Lands they may think proper, in a Different, but more Exact Method, than that at present practiced in this Province.

He will likewise Teach young Gentlemen, the Art of Surveying and Drawing, at a moderate Price, and use his utmost Diligence to make them compleat Masters in a short Time.

He has some Plats and Prospects of this City (but not Engrav'd) which he will dispose of at a cheap Rate. P. B. (*3)

To be LET, for a Term not under Seven, nor exceeding Twenty Years, and to be Entered on immediately,

THE MILLS belonging to the Subscriber, at the Falls of *Rappahannock* River, in *Virginia*; and, together with them, a good commodious Dwelling-House, with necessary Out-Houses, and Twenty Acres of as good Land as any in the Colony, on which the Mills and Houses stand. The Stream is not only sufficient for the present Works, which are in good Repair, and consist of two Pair of large *Colegne* Stones, with Tub Wheels under one Roof, and one Pair same Sort of Stones with double Gear'd Work, quite new, in an exceeding good large framed House, but also for a Forge Wheel, or any other kind of Water Work; and there is no Danger from Floods in the Winter, nor was there ever known a Scarcity of Water in the greatest Droughts, at which Times the Toll Custom extends many Miles in a thick settled Country. The Convenience to good Navigation for Sea Vessels, to the Town of *Fredericksburg*, distant one Mile, to the Town of *Falmouth*, which stands on the North Side of the River, opposite to the Mills, and a good Fording Place between them, and to a fertile Back Country, where large Quantities of Grain may be purchased, are Advantages very obvious, and afford a Prospect for carrying on the Flour and Baking Trades to great Extent and Profit, especially the latter, as most of the Ships in *Rappahannock* River have Occasion to send to the above Towns for Tobacco, Iron, &c.

As I live on the Premises, shall at all Times be ready to make known my Terms, to those who incline to treat with

Their humble Servant,
(4*) FRANCIS THORNTON.

THE Horse OTHELLO, (late was bred by Col. *Tasker*, and by him Sold into *Virginia*, is now at *WHITEHALL*, on the North Side of *Severn* River, in *Anne-Arundel* County, and will Cover Mares this Season at Four Guineas, or One Guinea a Leap. (tf) *The Governor*

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,

A TRACT of LAND called *Wilkins Plain*, containing upwards of 400 Acres, lying within two Miles of *Bryan Town*, in *Charles* County, on the 2d Day of *September* next, on the Premises.

(tf) *Mr. Maxwell* SAMUEL PARRAN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Lower-Cedar-Point* in *Charles* County, the 17th of *May* last, Three Convict Servants, imported in the *Tryal*, Capt. *Errington*, from *London*, viz.

John Thomas, a stout swarthy Man, about 32 Years of Age, upwards of 6 Feet high, has black Eyes, and dark brown Hair. Had on an old Jacket lined with Country Cotton, a red Cloth Cap, an old Check Shirt, old black Worsted knit Breeches, and 3 Pair of Yarn Hose.

John Mound, alias *Philpott*, about 21 Years of Age, 5¼ Feet high, has dark brown Hair, grey Eyes, and Lisps in his Speech. Had on a Snuff colour'd Coat and blue Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Hose, a Check Shirt, and old Shoes.

James West, about 5 Feet high, 15 or 16 Years of Age, has dark brown curl'd Hair, and grey Eyes. Had on and took with him, a *Scotch* Bonnet, a white Linen Shirt, two Coats, one a dark Cloth, the other a light colour'd Surtout, a Pair of Leather Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Stockings, and a Pair of Pumps.

They took with them two new Osnabrigs Shirts, one Pair of Pumps, one Pair of Shoes, and one Pair of old Shoe Boots.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their Master may have them again, shall have Three Pounds Reward; or Five Pounds if brought home, beside what the Law allows, and in Proportion for either.

(tf) THOMAS JAMES.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forewarn'd not to carry them off at their Peril.

Love-Point, on *Kent-Island*, *May* 28, 1765.

LEFT at my Landing, some Time ago, a small Clinch-Work BOAT about 12 Feet Keel. The Owner, on proving his Property and paying Charges, may have her by applying to

(3*) PATRICK HAMILTON.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Jacob Harman*, near *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle siz'd brown Gelding, with a Star in his Forehead, his near hind Foot white, a bob Tail, and is shod before; but has not any perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERRE is at the Plantation of *Walter Evans*, on the North Side of the Eastern Branch of *Patowmack* River, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, but not plain enough to be made out, has a large Snip on her Nose, a small Star in her Forehead, and a flaxen Mane and Tail.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD to any Person living out of ANNAPOLIS,

THE Time of a very good JOINER, who was Indentured for Four Years, and has been in the Country about 8 Months: Also, A good HOUSE CARPENTER, who has about 6 Years to serve. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 13th of June, *at the Dock in* ANNAPOLIS,

A LARGE Quantity of Iron Work; among which are 2 Anchors, the one 6C. 3 qrs. the other 3C. or thereabouts, with about 40 Fathom of 9 Inch Cable, and 70 Fathom of 6 Inch Hawser; a small Quantity of Running Rigging, some Blocks, and 2 Boats, the one 20 Feet long, and 7 Feet wide, and the other 14 Feet long, and 4½ Feet wide; being the Remains of the Ship *Rachel*, lately burnt in *Rappa* River.

(2*) THOMAS MOORE.

The SCHEME of the Land, Plate, and Goods LOTTERY.

Which will be drawn some Time in September *next, at* Annapolis *in* MARYLAND.

All PRIZES: No BLANKS.

2 Prizes containing about 350 Acres of Land, situate in *Kent* County,	£. 500	Value each,	£. 1000
4 Ditto, containing about 175 Acres situate as above,	250	—	1000
1 D°. being a curious Assortment of Plate,	100	—	100
1 Ditto, —	78	0 : 0	78
2 Ditto, —	50	0 : 0	100
4 Ditto, —	25	0 : 0	100
8 Ditto, —	12	0 : 0	96
20 Ditto, —	10	0 : 0	200
16 Ditto, —	6	0 : 0	96
50 Ditto, —	4	0 : 0	200
100 Ditto, —	2	10 : 0	250
40 Ditto, —	1	17 : 6	75
100 Ditto, —	1	10 : 0	150
150 Ditto, —	1	0 : 0	150
500 Ditto, —	0	12 : 0	300
7000 Ditto, —	0	6 : 0	2100
1 First drawn,	—	—	2 : 10
1 Last drawn,	—	—	2 : 10
8000 Tickets at 15 s. *Pennsylvania* Currency, is			6000

The Public will easily perceive that this Lottery is on a much better Footing than any other that has been plann'd for these many Years. The utmost Care has been taken in the Choice of the Goods, Plate, &c. to render Satisfaction to the Adventurers.

The following are some Particulars of the Prizes, exclusive of the Land.

CURIOUS Silver Coffee Pots, with elegant Silver Waiters; a large Silver Tankard in the genteelest Taste; a Pair of handsome Pint Mugs; Silver Punch Strainers; neat Silver Sauce Boats; Punch Ladles; Salt Cellars, &c. A curious chiming Table Clock; a Parcel of Silver Watches; a large Assortment of Gold, Silver, and Pinchbeck Seals; a Quantity of the best Guittars and Violins in neat Cases; the best *German* Flutes by the most noted Makers in that Branch; Stone Shoe Buckles from 10 l. to 3 l. *per* Pair; shaving Equipages complete; some elegant and curious Stone Necklaces, Pompoons, and Stay-Hooks for Ladies, among the former is one of 15 l. Price; optical Glasses of the best Kind, made by the principal mathematical Artists and a curious Microscope for magnifying Insects and small Objects; a vast Variety of Gold Rings set differently, some with Diamonds; Ladies Etwee Cases; a Variety of neat Fowling Pieces and Fusees; Silver mounted Swords, Cutteaus de Chase; Optical Pillar Machines for viewing Prospects; 30 Dozen of the very best strong Silk Stockings; some Pieces of rich *Italian* and *French* Silks; an infinite Variety of the neatest Broaches, differently set, some in Gold and others in Silver; complete Sets of mathematical Instruments, from 30 l. to 25 l. a Case; universal Ring Dials; elegant Snuff Boxes of various Kinds, from 5 l. to a Dollar; beautiful *French* Fans for the Ladies, mounted in Leather; a vast Variety of Silver Pencil Cases, and Tooth-pick Cases; some travelling Equipages; a large Quantity of the newest Fashion Silver and Pinchbeck double gilt Shoe and Knee Buckles; Stone Stock and Knee Buckles; a Quantity of the very best *Hyson* Tea; Silk Umbrellas; Gold Lace; the neatest Silver mounted Pocket Pistols, &c.

Also a Library of BOOKS, *selected from the best Authors, viz.*

SWIFT's Works; Pope's, Addison's, Shakespear's, Butler's, Johnson's, Hooke's, Smollett's, Congreve's, Gay's, Rowe's, Otway's, and Steel's Works; Chambers's Dictionary of Arts and Sciences, Owen's Ditto; Beawes Lex Mercatoria; Statutes at large, 8 Vols. Quarto, a new Edition; M'Knight's Harmony of the Gospels; Leland's Works; Parliamentary History of Great-Britain, 24 Vols; a general History of the World, in 40 Vols; Lady Montague's celebrated Letters and Travels; Entick's History of all the Transactions of the late War; Smollett's, Hume's, Rapin's and Tindal's Histories of England; and a very great Variety of Books and other Articles, extremely useful and ornamental.

The Goods are deposited at *Annapolis*, and the Prizes will be delivered from thence (*Philadelphia*, *New-York*, and *Boston*, as may be agreeable to the Situation of the Adventurers) as soon as drawn, without any Deduction or Evasion whatever.

As it is difficult to collect in the lowest Prizes, 7000 Articles, exactly of that Value; the Public may be assured that many Hundred of them instead of Six Shillings, are of Eight, Nine, Ten, and Twelve Shillings Value; and very few, if any, not intrinsically worth the Six Shillings.

The Prizes, as they are drawn, will every Week be advertised in this Paper.

Tickets may be had of *Rivington* and *Brown*, in *Boston*, *New-York*, and *Philadelphia*; of *William Stephenson*, Esq; at *Chester-Town*, The Rev. Mr. *Montgomery*, at *George-Town*, *Maryland*; Mr. *Joseph Ashton*, in *Williamsburg*; and at the PRINTING-OFFICE in ANNAPOLIS.

JUST IMPORTED by the Subscribers, in the Ship Virginia Planter, *from* Glasgow *to* Patuxent *River, and to be Sold at their Stores on* Nottingham *and* Benedict, *for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, on reasonable Terms,*

A GREAT Variety of *European* GOODS for Retail, too numerous to particularize.

Also sundry Parcels of sorted Linens and other Goods, suited to the Season, to be Sold Wholesale, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco. If necessary, Credit will be given for any of these Parcels, in whole or in part, for 3, 6, or 9 Months, as can be agreed on. They are of different Amounts, from Two to Six Hundred Pounds Cost.

THOMAS CAMPBELL, and Company.

N. B. Those who still remain Indebted to Messieurs *Shortridge*, *Gordon*, and Company, for Dealings at their Stores, late at *Upper-Marlborough*, *Nottingham*, and *Benedict*, are once more earnestly requested to take Measures for speedily discharging, or otherwise settling, their respective Balances, in order to prevent the disagreeable Consequences of Orders lately received from the said Company, by

(5t) THOMAS CAMPBELL, Attorney in Fact.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in *Fairfax* County, *Virginia*, on the first Day of *November* last, a likely Country-born Negro Man named *Harry*, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, slow of Speech, his Back much furrow'd by Whipping, very yellow Teeth for a Negro. His Dress I shall not describe, as it is reasonable to suppose he has chang'd it before this.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, and brings him Home, or secures him in any Jail, and gives me Intelligence, so that he may be had again, shall receive the above Reward, paid by

(*2) 2 X WILLIAM TRIPLETT.

HALF-CROWN NAILS, a large Quantity, to be Sold very cheap. Enquire of JONAS GREEN. Not less than a Cask will be disposed of, and each Cask contains 8 or 9000.

ANY Person willing to Contract for the Building a BALL-ROOM in ANNAPOLIS, may see the Plan at Mr. *Richardson's* Store, to whom they are desired to give in their Proposals in Writing, in Order to their being laid before the Managers. 3

Elk-Ridge Landing, *May* 15, 1765.

THE Subscriber, understanding that many false Reports have industriously been propagated, relative to the Loss of the Ship *Dolphin*, *Dougall McDougall* Master, who sailed from *Patapsco* in *November* last, takes this Method of acquainting the Gentlemen, who shipp'd Tobacco in her, that he has received Letters from Messieurs *John Stewart* and *Campbell*, importing that the said Ship, after some Days excessive Storms (during which Time many Ships of great Value were lost) was forced on Shore in *Mount's-Bay*, near the Land's End.——That the Tobacco would be lost, but that the Shippers thereof were Insured at Six Pounds Sterling *per* Hogshead, agreeable to their Request. WILLIAM LUX, Attorney in Fact

(4t) 3 for Messrs. *John Stewart* and *Campbell*.

JUST IMPORTED from LISBON, *and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, in* Baltimore-Town, *very cheap for Ready Money*,

A CHOICE Parcel of LISBON WINE in Quarter Casks, (amongst which are One Hundred Casks of CALKAVALLA) good fresh Lemons in Boxes, Figs and Raisins in Frails, Almonds, Currants, and Walnuts in Casks; likewise, a Quantity of *Lisbon* Salt, and Corks.

(4t) 3 JONATHAN PLOWMAN.

WANTED,

A PERSON well Qualified to take upon him the Management of a FURNACE at an IRON-WORKS. Such a Person, well Recommended, will meet with good Encouragement. For further Particulars, enquire at the *Printing-Office*. (1t) 3 X

JOLLY CHESTER,

BELONGING to the Subscriber, and to Cover this Season at Two Guineas and a Half, and Five Shillings to the Groom; the Money to be paid at the Stable Door. He will be kept at *Benedict Calvert's*, Esq; in *Prince-George's* County.

(1t) 4 X WILLIAM VALDELL.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

VIRGINIA, *Dumfries*, *May* 13, 1765.

RAN away last Night, or early this Morning, *James Scott*, native of *Ireland*, a Convict Servant, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and pitted with the Small-Pox: Took with him a Sailor's blue Jacket, a Pair of coarse Sacking long Breeches, and a full Suit of old black Cloaths. He ran away from me in 1757, and was never taken up till this Spring, so that he must be pretty well acquainted with the Country, and will probably impose himself on the Public for a Freeman.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and conveys him to me here, shall have Five Pounds Reward. RICHARD GRAHAM.

STRAY'D or STOLEN from the Subscriber, living within two Miles of *Frederick-Town*, a light Bay Horse, between 14 and 15 Hands high, branded P C, paces naturally, carries his Head high when rode, is full of Spirit, and inclinable to stumble, is shod before, and 9 or 10 Years old; he had on a large Bell, mark'd W R.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and brings him to the Subscriber, or informs so that he may be had again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

(*3) WILLIAM RICHARDSON.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, Loaf SUGAR by the Hundred or single Loaf, *Lisbon* WINE by the Quarter Cask, *Lisbon* LEMONS by the Chest or Dozen, Almonds, Figs, Raisins, Currants, Barrell'd PORK, FLOUR, and Ship BREAD; likewise, Black and White OAKUM.

(4t) SAMUEL MIDDLETON.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, on the 22d Day of August *next, being the 3d Day of Court, at the House of Mr.* Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *in* Frederick *County, for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange*,

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND called *Aix-la-Chapelle*, containing 1792 Acres, being and lying in *Frederick* County, on the main Branch of *Seneca*, and near the Mouth of the said Branch; the Land is well wooded and watered. One Year's Credit will be given, for one Half of the purchase Money (if desired) upon giving good Security, and paying Interest.

(1t) CHARLES CARROLL, junr.

STRAYED from the Subscriber's on *Bush* Creek, in *Frederick* County, last Month, a thin Mouse colour'd Horse, about 14 Hands high, paces naturally, his Brand, if any, forgot.

Also a well made Iron Grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, paces and trots, branded on the near Buttock T I.

Both of them were shod before, and are supposed to have made towards *Calvert* County.

Whoever will deliver them to *Benjamin Johnson*, near *Calvert* County Court-House, *Thomas Johnson* in *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, or Fifteen Shillings for either; or if Information is given where they may be sent for, the Favour will be thankfully acknowledged, by

(1t) JAMES JOHNSON.

RAN away the 14th Instant, from the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, a Convict Servant Man named *Joseph Clark*, about 30 Years of Age, near 5 Feet 10 Inches high, is pretty lusty, of a fair Complexion, has black Eyes, and something of a down Look when spoken to; his Hair is of a brown Colour, and curl'd; he has been in the Country about 12 Months, and speaks pretty much in the *English* Country Dialect; he has taken with him a Discharge belonging to one *Benjamin Legate*, which is dated 1764, I think in *July*, which it is probable he will make use of, by changing his Name; he also carried with him a Suit of *Legate's* Cloaths, viz. Coat, Jacket and Breeches, of a dirty or dark Cloth Colour; the Coat has a slash Sleeve, and the whole trimm'd with yellow Metal Buttons; he also took with him several other Things, as a Castor Hat, Check Shirt, Yarn Stockings, a Pair of Pumps, striped Holland Trowsers, a Pair of Osnabrigs Sailor's Ditto, and two Silk Handkerchiefs. Whoever takes up and brings the said Runaway to the Subscriber, at the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace, shall have, if taken within 10 Miles of the said Furnace, Thirty Shillings; if 20 Miles from thence, Three Pounds; if 40 Miles, Five Pounds; and if out of the Province, Ten Pounds Reward.

(*6) CALEB DORSEY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *Jem*, a likely lively young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, has a wild Look, and when spoke to appears surprized. He was formerly the Property of Mr. *Robert Gordon*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, so that it is very likely he spends some Part of his Time among his Acquaintance in Town. Whoever takes up the said Fellow, and secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have Eight Dollars Reward.

(tf) ROBERT TYLER.

SELIM,

STANDS at *Tulip-Hill* this Season, and Covers Mares at Four Guineas, and Five Shillings the Groom: The Money to be paid at the Stable Door. Good Pasturage *Gratis* 'til the Mares refuse, and Notice given to the Owners; afterwards Five Shillings *per* Week for Pasturage.

(tf) JOHN CLAVER.

CHILDERS,

THE Horse I advertised last Year, is now in fine Order, and will Cover the ensuing Season at Four Dollars. Good Pasturage for Mares.

(tf) GEORGE LEE.

DRIVER,

BELONGING to the Subscriber, a proved good Horse, Three Fourths Blood, Covers this Season, as Money is scarce, for Twenty-five Shillings Currency; and those Mares that do not prove with Foal, shall be Covered next Year for Fifteen Shillings. As the Terms are so very reasonable, it is expected that those that bring Mares will at the same Time bring the Cash.

(tf) ROBERT TYLER.

Kent-Island, April 19, 1765.

AS it is published in the *Philadelphia* Paper, that the noted Horse DOVE, imported by Dr. *Hamilton*, is now Covering at Mr. *Dames's*, such Gentlemen on the Western Shore as incline sending Mares to him, may have them carefully brought over the Bay, sent up to the Horse, and returned at *Annapolis* when done with him, at Twelve Shillings and Six Pence each Mare. Particular Care shall be taken of them. Good Pasturage both at Mr. *Dames's* and my House.

(*11) EMORY SUDLER.

To be SOLD very reasonably,

TWO Tracts of LAND, joining together, containing Two Hundred Acres; on one of which is a good Dwelling-House, a Stable, and an Orchard; and on the other Two Orchards, and about Ten Acres of Meadow Ground may be made. They join a Tract of Land called *Bear Bacon*, near *Snowden's* Manor.

For Title and Terms apply to *William Wright*, living in *Annapolis*. (*4)

JOSEPH RATHELL,

WHO has Taught in the Country for Twelve Months with uncommon Success, being encouraged by several Gentlemen in Town, has opened SCHOOL in the City of *Annapolis*, in the House formerly occupied by Mr. *Lyttleton*, where he Teaches the following Branches, *viz.* READING, in which no Pains will be wanting to give Children a true Pronunciation and proper Delivery: WRITING, agreeable to an approved and familiar Method, by which he has made many Improvements in a short Time: And, ARITHMETIC, in a laconic and expeditious Manner, peculiarly adapted to fit Youth for mercantile Business. And as he is determined to confine himself to a much smaller Number of Pupils than are usually received in Schools; and to use all possible Diligence to promote their Improvement, as well in the above Branches, as in having a proper Regard to their Behaviour, he humbly hopes for the Encouragement of the Public, which, to deserve a Continuance of, shall be his constant Endeavour.

He will also attend a few young Ladies or Gentlemen at their Houses from XII to I o'Clock in the Forenoon, and from V to VI in the Afternoon. Those who are pleased to favour him with the Care of their Children, may depend on their being well treated in all Respects, and may be particularly informed of the Terms, &c. by enquiring at Mr. *Knapp's*, Watchmaker, in Town.

(tf)

THE Managers of the *SEVERN* CHAPEL LOTTERY, beg Leave to inform the Public, That they purpose to begin Drawing the same, on Monday the Tenth of *July* next, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing. There are some Tickets still on Hand, which may be had of any of the Managers, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE. 4 (tf)

April 27, 1765.

RAN away from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works on *Patapsco*, in *Maryland*, last Night, Two *English* Convict Servant Men, belonging to *Charles Carroll*, Esq; and Company, *viz.*

Thomas Plevy, a Bricklayer by Trade, he is of a middle Stature, and about 30 Years of Age, full faced, of a ruddy Complexion, has black Eyes, as is his Hair and Beard, which are turning grey. Had on an old Castor Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, an old blue Broad-Cloth Coat without Lining, a blue strip'd Flannel Jacket, an old Pair of Leather Breeches, and Country Shoes and Stockings.

John Dabs, he pretends to be a Collier, is of a middle Stature, and about 23 Years of Age, of a swarthy Complexion, has blue Eyes, and light colour'd Hair. Had on an old Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Shirt, a brown Cloth Coat about half worn, a blue Cloth Jacket, a Pair of old Leather Breeches, and Country Shoes and Stockings.

It is likely they may change their Cloaths in Part, as they stole some Things out of the House they left, *viz.* two brown Wigs, one a Que, the other a bob, one Pair of Thread Stockings, one Pair of mix'd Worsted Ditto, and a Pair of turn'd Pumps.

It is expected they will make for *Philadelphia*, as they have been both Soldiers, and have with them their Discharges from the Army.

Plevy was a Soldier at *Philadelphia* this Time two Years.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have Six Pounds Reward, or Three Pounds for either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought Home.

(4*) 4 X R. CROXALL.

ROBERT PINKNEY, TAYLOR,

At JONATHAN PINKNEY'S *in* CHURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public, That he makes all Sorts of Mens Cloaths in the newest Fashion: As also Ladies Riding Habits in the genteelest Taste. Those Gentlemen who are pleased to favour me with their Commands, may depend on having their Business as completely executed as by any of the Trade, having had Eight Years Practice as a Foreman to the most Eminent of the Business in *London*. 5

Charles County, *April* 8, 1765.

RAN away from the Subscriber on Shrove Tuesday last, a tall, likely, strong, Country-born Negro Fellow, named *Sawgo*, aged 20 Years. He had on an old light colour'd Surtout Coat much worn, and over that a dark striped Country Cloth Jacket, and Breeches of the same, dark colour'd Country knit Yarn Stockings, and Country made Shoes. Whoever will secure the said Fellow, if in the County, so that he may be had again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward. If out of the County, in any Jail, Forty Shillings, and if brought Home, reasonable Travelling Charges allowed. 3 GEORGE LEE.

WHEREAS one *JOHN HUNT*, who left *England*, and in the Year 1748 lived in *St. Paul's* Parish, *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, as a Saddler, and removed to *Westfield* Parish in the same County; from thence, 'tis said, he went to *Cumberland* in *Georgia*, and from thence to *St. Augustine*; and in *January*, 1764, as it is also said, he ordered a Cargo of Goods from *London*, to be directed to Messrs. *Barton* and *Rogers* in *St. Augustine*, to be left with Messrs. *Hoopers* and *Swallows*, in *Charles-Town*, *South-Carolina*: If the said *John Hunt* be still Alive, and will apply to the Subscriber, living in *Baltimore-Town*, *Maryland*, he will hear of Something to his Advantage. If he is Dead, which is most likely, any Person that will bring a proper Certificate of his Death to the Subscriber, shall receive a REWARD of FIVE GUINEAS. 15

(12m) JOHN MERRYMAN, junior.

BALTIMORE-TOWN, *May* 1, 1765.

THIS is to desire all Persons Indebted to me, either upon Mortgage, Bill of Sale, Bond, Protested Bill, Note, or open Accounts, to come immediately and pay the same, or settle to my Satisfaction. Attendance will be constantly given, at my Store in *Baltimore-Town*, by Mr. *William Goodwin*, who is authorized in the Time of my Absence from said Store, to adjust and settle all Accounts, &c. whose Receipt shall be good for all Payments made to him: And Notice is hereby given to all such Persons as neglect to comply with the above Request, that the proper Suits at Law will be immediately commenced against them, by (4*) J. RIDGELY.

TO BE SOLD,

A CONVICT SERVANT WOMAN, who has near 7 Years to serve. She can Sew, Wash and Iron, very well, is a sober, and an exceeding handy, Woman. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*. (tf)

THE Subscribers beg Leave to inform the PUBLIC, That they have lately Erected, at *BALTIMORE-TOWN*, in MARYLAND, A DISTILLERY for making RUM; which, (by many good Judges who have seen it) is allowed to be one of the largest, compleatest and best constructed STILL-HOUSE of any in NORTH-AMERICA: And having furnished themselves with an expert DISTILLER, and a plentiful Stock of MOLASSES, they purpose to carry on the DISTILLING BUSINESS extensively, and to supply constantly the Demand for House-made RUM, at nearly the same as the *Philadelphia* Prices, at least on much lower Terms than the Province of MARYLAND has been generally supplied with that Article. The RUM already made by them has been highly approved by the best Judges, and deemed superior to either *Philadelphia* or *New-England* RUM; and they hope to give Satisfaction to the Public, as well as maintain their own Reputation, by continuing to make always of the same approved Quality.

As this Undertaking is so well calculated to promote the general Trade of the Province, and so convenient for supplying the Country Traders, Farmers, &c. who bring their Produce to *Baltimore* Market, as well as to promote the private Emolument of the Owners; it is hoped the Public will give proper Encouragement to a Branch of Trade so useful, and so much wanted in the Province.

Any Gentlemen wanting Quantities of RUM for Exportation, by giving timeous Notice may be supplied, and proper Allowance made to such, by *Their humble Servants*,

SAMUEL & ROBERT PURVIANCE, & Comp.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND adjoining to the Town of *Nottingham*, on *Patuxent* River, in *Prince-George's* County, called *Beanes's Pasture*, containing 220 Acres; whereon is a new Dwelling-House 28 by 26 Feet, finished in a very neat and convenient Manner; a new Kitchen 20 by 16 Feet, (under which is a small Stone Cellar); and a Stable. About Half the Tract is fine hard Marsh, which may easily be improved to very great Advantage: The other Part is very level, and of a good Soil: The Situation is very convenient for either a Merchant or Tavern Keeper. Also a Lot of Ground in the Town of *Nottingham*, whereon is a very good Stone-House 30 Feet square, with a good Store Room, Lumber Room, Counting Room, with a Brick Chimney thereto, and a Lodging Room, on the first Floor: Above Stairs there is Three good Rooms, compleatly finished, and in good Repair; there is also a good Cellar under the House, the full Size thereof, with Three convenient Rooms therein. The Whole to be Sold together, or separate, as the Purchaser chooses, for *London* Bills of Exchange, Sterling or Current Money, upon very reasonable Terms.

All Persons Indebted to the Estate of *Colmore Beanes*, late Deceased, are desired to settle and discharge their respective Ballances by the Tenth Day of *February* next, otherwise they may depend on being Sued and Warranted, without Respect to Persons.

(tf) WILLIAM BEANES, Executor.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN and WILLIAM RIND, in *Charles-Street*. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s.* and 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 5*s.* the First Week, and 1*s.* each Time after: And Long Ones in Proportion.